Professional Amplifier



- PRO-3200(171.212)
- PRO-2000(171.209)
- PRO-1600(171.207)
- PRO-1000(171.204)
- PRO-600(171.201)

Dear customers:

Please carefully read and strictly follow the user's manual when you use the professional amplifier. If you have any question, please contact the local dealer.

Catalogue

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1. Notes

- A High voltage inside the equipment. Do not open the cover. Ask for the help from the professionals when need servicing.
- A Please do not expose the equipment in the rain or moisture.
- A Keep adequate ventilation, do not block the port.
- A Be sure the voltage of this equipment complies with the local industrial voltage.
- A Please put off the power plug if unused for a long time.
- A Please connect rated load. Never working under the overload for a long time.

Symbols:

- ☐ The equilateral triangle with lightning bolt warns the user of dangerous voltage levels localized within the cabinet.
- ☐ The equilateral triangle with exclamatory mark means the important operation on the user's manual.

2. Features

PRO-Series is the amplifier with big power and excellent performance. It can meet different audio avenues.

- 1> Big power, 1000W per channel sin power output without distortion under the 8ohms;
- 2> Innovative heat sink structure and high quality heat sink fan assure working for a long time;
- 3> "loading impedance temperature-power-running voltage" can be controlled alternately, Speed of Fan is automatic adjusted by temperature. When load is too low or temperature is too high, the equipment can adjust the power supply and lower impedance of power, which improves sound quality and protect the equipment better. The reliability will be improved remarkably;
- 4> Low distortion;
- 5> High switch speed, >100V/ μ s, outstanding sound quality and high transparent;
- 6> Low noise: S/N>108dB(A Weight);
- 7> 20Hz~20KHz <+0/-0.25 dB;wide frequency band;
- 8> Small dimension, 2U structure.

		8 Ω	1000W		
	Stereo mode	4 Ω	1600W		
		8 Ω	1000W		
Rated Power	Parallel mono mode	4Ω	1600W		
		16 Ω	2000W		
	Bridged mono mode	8Ω	3200W		
THD	<0.05%(10%Rated power)		020011		
	-0.00 /8(10 /8) (according to 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10 / 10		-		
Intermodulation distortion	<0.1%(60Hz/7KHz,10%Rated power)				
Frequency response	20Hz~20KHz(+0/-0.25dB)				
Phase difference	<±15°				
Damping factors	>800(8 \(\Omega / 100 Hz \)				
Segregation	>75dB				
S/n	>108dB(A-Weight)				
Total gain	39±0.5dB				
Difference of Channel gain	<0.25dB				
Input sensitivity	1V				
Switch speed	>100V/µs				
Input impedance	Unbalanced input 10K Ω ,Balanced input 20K Ω				
Input connectors	Three pin XLR/6.35mm				
Output connectors	Speakon binding post,NL4 speak				
Cooling	Four fans, stepless shifting, Cooling airflow from front to back				
Controls on front panel	Switch of AC,Gain controlling knob for channel A and B				
Controls on rear panel	Parallel/Stereo/Bridge, LF cutting, Grounding, Limit				
Indicator on front panel	Yellow-Bridge,Red-Overload,Green-Signal				
Amplifier protection	Short Cirrcuit, Maladjustment of DC, Overload, Overheat, Etc				
Dimensions	483×452×88mm				
Net weight	30Kg				
Power supply	AC 230V/50Hz~60Hz/1500VA				
Environment Temperature	Working temperature: -10℃~40℃ Storing temperature: -25℃~80℃				

· ·) (22 Ca)	8Ω	660W		
	Stereo mode	4 Ω	1000W		
		8 Ω	660W		
Rated Power	Parallel mono mode	4Ω	1000W		
		16Ω	1330W		
	Bridged mono mode	8Ω	2000W		
THD	<0.05%(10%Rated power)	0 22 2000 4			
Intermodulation distortion	<0.1%(60Hz/7KHz,10%Rated power)				
Frequency response	20Hz~20KHz(+0/-0.25dB)	•			
Phase difference	<±15°				
Damping factors	>800(8Ω/100Hz)				
Segregation	>75dB		AND THE PARTY OF T		
S/n	>108dB(A-Weight)				
Total gain	37.3±0.5dB				
Difference of Channel gain	<0.25dB				
Input sensitivity	1V				
Switch speed	>80V/ µ s				
Input impedance	Unbalanced input 10K Ω ,Balanced input 20K Ω				
Input connectors	Three pin XLR/6.35mm				
Output connectors	Speakon binding post,NL4 speak				
Cooling	Four fans, stepless shifting, Cooling airflow from front to back				
Controls on front panel	Switch of AC,Gain controlling knob for channel A and B				
Controls on rear panel	Parallel/Stereo/Bridge, LF cutting, Grounding, Limit				
Indicator on front panel	Yellow-Bridge,Red-Overload,Green-Signal				
Amplifier protection	Short Cirrcuit, Maladjustment of DC, Overload, Overheat, Etc				
Dimensions	483×385×88mm				
Net weight	18Kg				
Power supply	AC 230V/50Hz~60Hz/1000VA				
Environment Temperature	Working temperature: -10℃~40℃ Storing temperature: -25℃~80℃				
Environment humidity	≤90%				

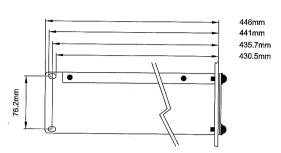
		0.0	E00\\\		
Rated Power	Stereo mode	8Ω	500W		
		4Ω	800W		
	Danallal mana mada	8Ω	500W		
	Parallel mono mode	4Ω	800W		
,		16 Ω	1000W		
	Bridged mono mode	8Ω	1600W		
THD	<0.05%(10%Rated power)				
Intermodulation distortion	<0.1%(60Hz/7KHz,10%Rated power)				
Frequency response	20Hz~20KHz(+0/-0.25dB)	-			
Phase difference	<±15°				
Damping factors	>800(8 Ω/100Hz)				
Segregation	>75dB				
S/n	>108dB(A-Weight)				
Total gain	36±0.5dB				
Difference of Channel gain	<0.25dB				
Input sensitivity	1V				
Switch speed	>70V/µs				
Input impedance	Unbalanced input 10K Ω ,Balanced input 20K Ω				
Input connectors	Three pin XLR/6.35mm				
Output connectors	Speakon binding post,NL4 speak				
Cooling	Four fans,stepless shifting, Cooling airflow from front to back				
Controls on front panel	Switch of AC,Gain controlling knob for channel A and B				
Controls on rear panel	Parallel/Stereo/Bridge, LF cutting, Grounding, Limit				
Indicator on front panel	Yellow-Bridge,Red-Overload,Green-Signal				
Amplifier protection	Short Cirrcuit, Maladjustment of DC, Overload, Overheat, Etc				
Dimensions	483×375×88mm				
Net weight	17Kg				
Power supply	AC 230V/50Hz~60Hz/800VA				
Environment Temperature	Working temperature: -10℃~40℃ Storing temperature: -25℃~80℃				
Environment humidity	≤90%				

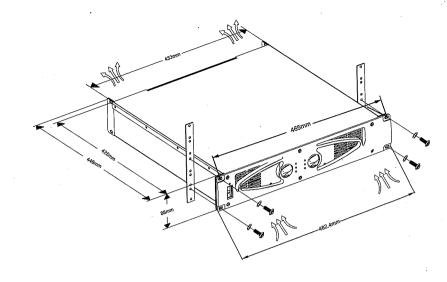
, :		8 Ω	330W		
	Stereo mode	4 Ω	500W		
		8Ω	330W		
Rated Power	Parallel mono mode	4 Ω	500W		
		16 Ω	660W		
	Bridged mono mode	8Ω	1000W		
· THD	<0.05%(10%Rated power)		100011		
	10.00 /0(10 /01 tated power)				
Intermodulation distortion	<0.1%(60Hz/7KHz,10%Rated power)		,		
Frequency response	20Hz~20KHz(+0/-0.25dB)				
Phase difference	<±15°				
Damping factors	>800(8 \(\Omega / 100 Hz)				
Segregation	>75dB				
S/n	>108dB(A-Weight)				
Total gain	34±0.5dB				
Difference of Channel gain	<0.25dB				
Input sensitivity	1V				
Switch speed	>60V/ μ s				
Input impedance	Unbalanced input 10K Ω ,Balanced input 20K Ω				
Input connectors	Three pin XLR/6.35mm				
Output connectors	Speakon binding post,NL4 speak				
Cooling	Four fans, stepless shifting, Cooling airflow from front to back				
Controls on front panel	Switch of AC,Gain controlling knob for channel A and B				
Controls on rear panel	Parallel/Stereo/Bridge, LF cutting, Grounding, Limit				
Indicator on front panel	Yellow-Bridge,Red-Overload,Green-Signal				
Amplifier protection	Short Cirrcuit, Maladjustment of DC, Overload, Overheat, Etc				
Dimensions	483×375×88mm				
Net weight	15Kg				
Power supply	AC 230V/50Hz~60Hz/500VA				
Environment Temperature	Working temperature: -10℃~40℃ Storing temperature: -25℃~80℃				
Environment humidity	≤90%				

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	Stereo mode	8 Ω	200W		
	Otorco mode	4Ω	300W		
Rated Power	Parallel mono mode	8Ω	200W		
rated Fower	i aranermono mode	4 Ω	300W		
	Duidenad management	16Ω	400W		
	Bridged mono mode	8Ω	600W		
THD	<0.05%(10%Rated power)	11			
Intermodulation distortion	<0.1%(60Hz/7KHz,10%Rated power)				
Frequency response	20Hz~20KHz(+0/-0.25dB)				
Phase difference	<±15°				
Damping factors	>800(8 \(\Omega / 100 Hz)				
Segregation	>75dB				
S/n	>108dB(A-Weight)				
Total gain	32±0.5dB				
Difference of Channel gain	<0.25dB				
Input sensitivity	1V				
Switch speed	>50V/ µ s				
Input impedance	Unbalanced input 10K Ω ,Balanced input 20K Ω				
Input connectors	Three pin XLR/6.35mm				
Output connectors	Speakon binding post,NL4 speak				
Cooling	Four fans, stepless shifting, Cooling airflow from front to back				
Controls on front panel	Switch of AC, Gain controlling knob for channel A and B				
Controls on rear panel	Parallel/Stereo/Bridge, LF cutting, Grounding, Limit				
Indicator on front panel	Yellow-Bridge,Red-Overload,Green-Signal				
Amplifier protection	Short Cirrcuit, Maladjustment of DC, Overload, Overheat, Etc				
Dimensions	483×310×88mm				
Net weight	11Kg				
Power supply	AC 230V/50Hz~60Hz/300VA				
Environment Temperature	Working temperature: -10℃~40℃ Storing temperature: -25℃~80℃				
Environment humidity	≤90%				

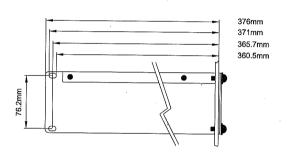
4. Installations

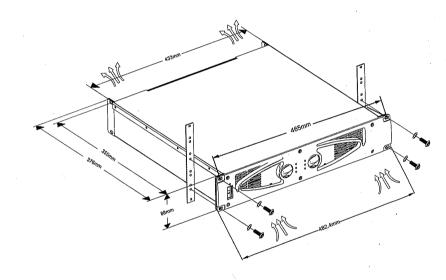
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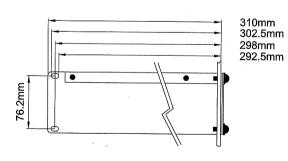


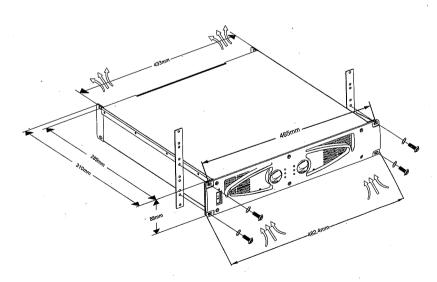
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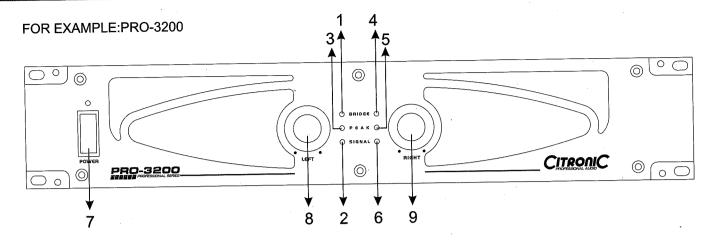


171.201





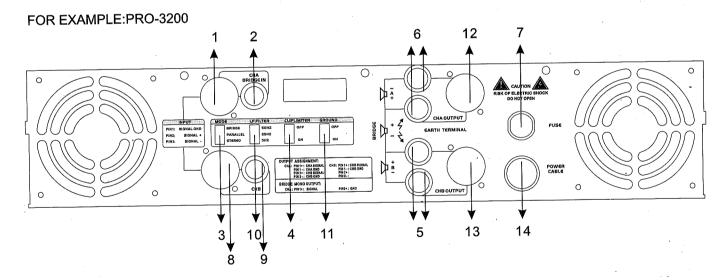
5. Front Panel



- 1. bridge indicator of channel A
- 2、 signal indicator of channel A
- 3, overload indicator of channel A
- 4. bridge indicator of channel B
- 5. overload indicator of channel B

- 6、 signal indicator of channel B
- 7. power switch
- 8. gain adjustment pots of channel A
- 9. gain adjustment pots of channel B

6、 Rear Panel



- 1. signal input of channel A(XLR JACK)
- 2. signal input of channel A(1/4" mic jack)
- 3, switch of working modes
- 4、limiters
- 5. signal output of channel B(binding post)
- 6. signal output of channel A(binding post)
- 7、fuse

- 8、signal input of channel B(XLR plug)
- 9. signal input of channel B(1/4" mic jack)
- 10, filter switch
- 11. grounding switch
- 12. signal output of channel A(NL4 JACK)
- 13. signal output of channel B(NL4 JACK)
- 14 cable

7、 Power Supply

rianlge Please assure the local voltage comply with the voltage indicated on rear panel before connecting power supply (230V \pm 10%/50-60Hz);

Please assure the cable and jack of power supply not damaged before connecting power supply;

Put off the plug after power off;

Max.power consumption:4000VA.

8, Input/Output connectors

Input connectors
The XLR jack and 1/4" microphone jack in same channel are paralleled;
input the signal from either connectors and output the signal for connecting next amplifier
If the amplifiers connected are too many, the sound quality may be affected;
Please do not input the signal from two connectors in same channel at the same time.
Output connectors
Do not connect loads to the two connectors at the same time;
The red end of binding post is connected with anode of speaker, the black end connected
with cathode of speaker;
Just the load suited with the power and impedance of amplifier can be connected
with the output connectors of amplifier.

1> Limiter setup:

As the below drawing, when switch is OFF, the limit is off, the limit circuit is out of work, if input signal is too strong, output can cause clip distortion and also raise overload on loudspeaker

As the below drawing, when the switch is ON, the limit is on, if the input signal is too strong, the limit circuit can control the gain and reduce the distortion, also control the average output power, but it not affect peak power, protect the loudspeaker and assure the day nomic of music. Note: Please set to "ON" position when using.

2> LF cutting setup:

When LF cutting is at LF 50Hz, it equals discrete a 50Hz high pass filter on input, the signal lower than 50Hz will be accordingly attenuated, then can reduce the noneffective swing and lower the distortion. Like the below drawing:

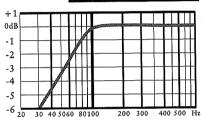
When LF cutting is at LF 25Hz, it equals discrete a 25Hz high pass filter on input circuit, it just attenuate the signal lower than 25Hz.

Like the below drawing:

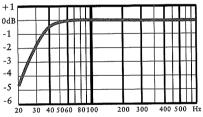












When LF cutting is at 5Hz, the audio signal can be amplified really. Like the below drawing:

3> Mode option and signal cable connection: Like the below drawing:

Connecting direction:

A. Stereo connecting mode Put the switch of mode at stereo. like the below picture:

Under the stereo mode, the signal on channel A and channel B is independent, the signal to channel A is just for channel A, the signal to channel B is only for Channel B.Like the below drawing:

B. Mono paralleled mode:

Put the switch of mode at PARALLEL, like the below picture:

Under the mono parallel mode, the effect of input signal from channel A and channel B is same. The signal on input channel A can be provided to output A, also to output B. The signal on input channel B not only provide to output A, also to output B, But please not input the signal from channel A and B at the same time. Note: The mono parallel mode just means the

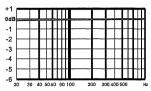
parallel of input signal. Never parallel the output terminals, Like the below drawing:

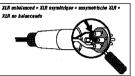
C. Bridged mode:

Put the switch of mode at BRIDGE.like the below picture:

Under the bridged mono, signal just can be input from channel A, no voice if input from channel B, the anode of output A is the anode of bridged output, the anode of output B is the cathode of bridged output. Suggest connecting 8Ω load, like below drawing:



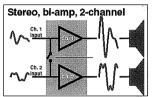


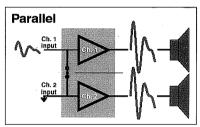


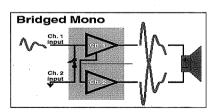


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Prohibit connecting 2Ω or less than 2Ω load under bridged mode, avoid burning the amplifier under overload.

The voltage is very high under the bridged mode, it is very dangerous for people, the equipment must be turned off before bridging.

Please follow the steps during using the equipment

1> Start

- a. Setup the function and connection according to the above function setup and connecting;
- b. Check if the output cable is short circuit and the load is too low;
- c. Check if the local voltage complies with the user's manual;
- d. Be sure the switch of power supply at "0" and the volume is the lowest;
- e. Connect the power supply, turn on the equipment of sound source, pre and effect equipment and assure these equipments work in order;
- f. Turn on the switch of power supply(put it at"1"position);
- g. Adjust the knob of volume clockwise to right position.

2> Off

- a. Adjust the knob of volume unti-clockwise to the lowest;
- b. Turn off the switch of power supply on the front panel(put it at "0"position);
- c. Turn off the pre and effect equipments, sound source equipments;

11、Indicators On Front Panel

- 1>If signal indicator flashes, it means if there is signal output in two channels;
- 2>If peak indicator flashes, it means that the input voltage is too high. You should turn down the volume;
- 3>If the peak indicator always lights, it means faults. The reason is like this: loading is too low, short on loading, temperature is too high. You should check it after power off. Turn on again if no abnormity;
- 4>If bridge indicator lights, it means that the amplifier is under the bridged mode.

12 Protection Function

Perfect protection function can prevent the damage for amplifier and speaker caused by short circuit and output DC and overheat.

- 1>Short circuit protection: when the load at the output end is short circuit, the equipment can cut off the signal and protect the equipment;
- 2>Output DC protection: when the equipment has faults and there is DC in output signal, the equipment can cut off output automatically and avoid damage for speaker caused by DC:
- 3>Overheat protection: If the temperature of heat sink is over the allowed temperature, the sensor will cut off the output, avoid damage caused by high temperature and protect he amplifier.

13、 Troubles And Troubleshootings

Trouble	SN	Trouble shooting
	1	Check if the power plug and jack are connected well.
No voice,Power indicator lights off	2	If the power jack corresponds with 230V AC.
	3	Check if the fuse on rear panel is broken.
No voice, Power indicator	1	Check if the music signal cable is connected well.
Lights, SIG indicator Light off	2	Check if the power of music source is turned on and the volume is turned on.
	3	If the volume pots is turned on.
·	1	If the music source output is too big.
CLIP indicator lastslighting on, Voice is abnormal	2	If the CLIP LIMITER is at the "ON"position.
on, voice is abnormal	3	Check if there is any short circuit in output connectons and if the load is correct. The restart.
The bass is not sufficient	1	If the LF FILTER on rear panel is at the LF 50Hz or at LF 25Hz, setup the switch at appropriate place.
No voice on one channel under paralleled mono mode	1	Check if the switch of MODE on rear panel is at the PARALLEL, please put it at PARALLEL if it not at the position.
Output of bridge is too low	1	Check if the input signal can comply with voltage, please enhane the input signal if not sufficient.
Surpur of bridge is too low	2	Check if input SIGNAL voltage is suited, please enhance the input SIGNAL if not sufficient.
Burning the fuse when start	1	Check the local voltage is same as the voltage of the equipment.
Others	1	Check if the setup and connection are accordant with the user manual.

PROFESSIONAL POWER AMPLIFIER

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