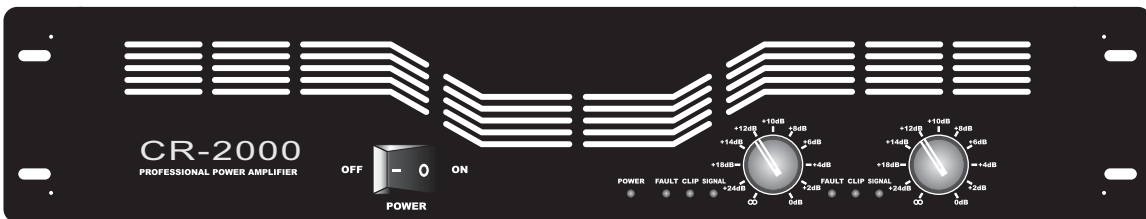
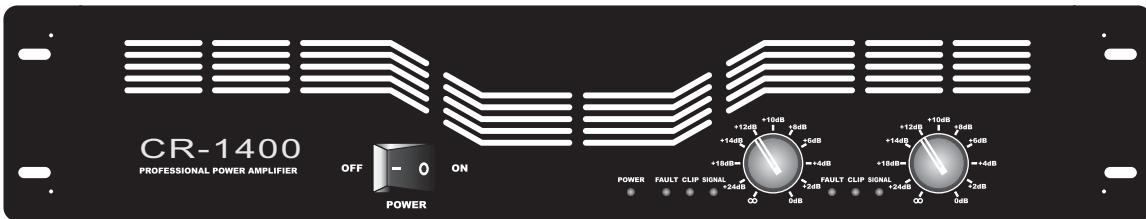
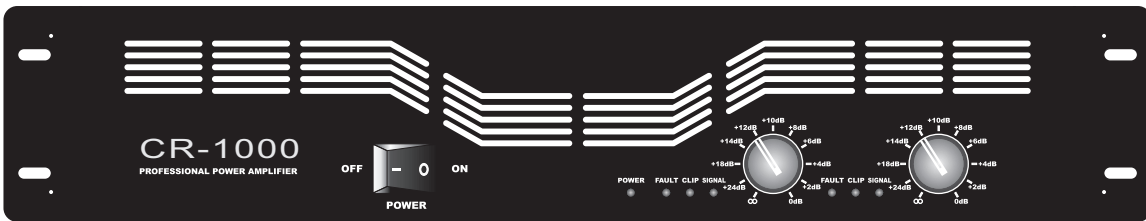
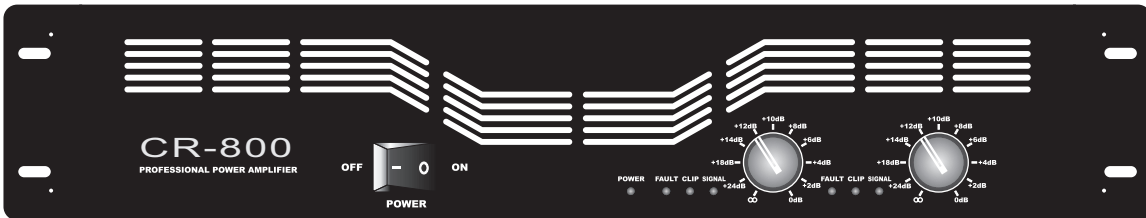
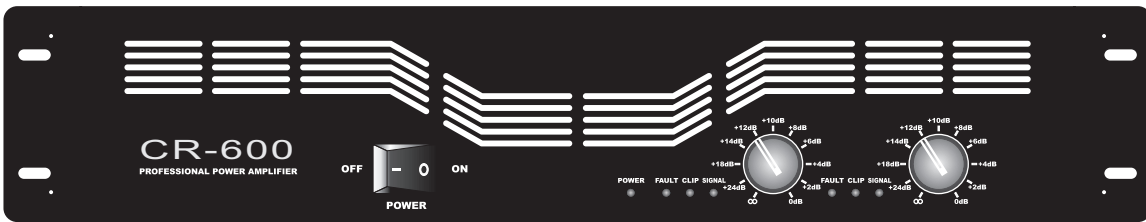


CR SERIES AMPS

PROFESSIONAL POWER AMPLIFIERS



OPERATING GUIDE



Intended to alert the user to the presence of uninsulated “dangerous voltage” within the product's enclosure that may be of sufficient magnitude to constitute a risk of electric shock to persons.



Intended to alert the user of the presence of important operating and maintenance (servicing) instructions in the literature accompanying the product.

CAUTION: Risk of electrical shock DO NOT OPEN!

CAUTION: To reduce the risk of electric shock, do not remove cover. No user serviceable Parts inside. Refer servicing to qualified service personnel.

WARNING: To prevent electrical shock or fire hazard, this apparatus should not be exposed to rain or moisture, and objects filled with liquids, such as vases, should not be placed on this apparatus. Before using this apparatus, read the operating guide for further warnings.

IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

WARNING ::When using electrical products ,basiccautions should always be followed, including the following:

- 1.Read these instructions.
- 2.Keep these instructions.
- 3.Heed all warnings.
- 4.Follow all instructions.
- 5.Do not use this apparatus near water.
- 6.Clean only with a dry cloth.
- 7.Do not block any of the ventilation openings. Install in accordance with manufacturer 's instructions.
- 8.Do not install near any heat sources such as radiators, heat registers, stoves or other apparatus (including amplifiers) that produce heat.
- 9.Do not defeat the safety purpose of the polarized or grounding-type plug. A polarized plug has two blades with one wider than the other. A grounding type plug has two blades and a third grounding plug. The wide blade or third prong is provided for your safety. If the provided plug does not fit into your outlet, consult an electrician for replacement of the obsolete outlet.
- 10.Protect the power cord from being walked on or pinched, particularly at plugs, convenience receptacles, and the point they exit from the apparatus.
- 11.Only use attachments/accessories provided by the manufacturer.
- 12.Use only with a cart, stand, tripod, bracket, or table specified by the manufacturer, or sold with the apparatus. When a cart is used, use caution when moving the cart/apparatus combination to avoid injury from tip-over.

13. Unplug this apparatus during lightning storms or when unused for long periods of time.
14. Refer all servicing to qualified service personnel. Servicing is required when the apparatus has been damaged in any way, such as power-supply cord or plug is damaged, liquid has been spilled or objects have fallen into the apparatus, the apparatus has been exposed to rain or moisture, does not operate normally, or has been dropped.
15. Never break off the ground pin. Write for our free booklet "Shock Hazard and Grounding." Connect only to a power supply of the type marked on the unit adjacent to the power supply cord.
16. If this product is to be mounted in an equipment rack, rear support should be provided.
17. Exposure to extremely high noise levels may cause a permanent hearing loss. Individuals vary considerably in susceptibility to noise-induced hearing loss, but nearly everyone will lose some hearing if exposed to sufficiently intense noise for a sufficient time.
- The U.S. Government's Occupational and Health Administration (OSHA) has specified the following permissible noise level exposures:

Sound Level dBA, Slow Response	Duration Per Day In Hours
8	90
6	92
4	95
3	97
2	100
1 1/2	102
1	105
1/2	110
1/4 or less	115

According to OSHA, any exposure in excess of the above permissible limits could result in some hearing loss. Ear plugs or protectors to the ear canals or over the ears must be worn when operating this amplification system in order to prevent a permanent hearing loss, if exposure is in excess of the limits as set forth above. To ensure against potentially dangerous exposure to high sound pressure levels, it is recommended that all persons exposed to equipment capable of producing high sound pressure levels such as this amplification system be protected by hearing protectors while this unit is in operation.

CR SERIES PROFESSIONAL POWER AMPLIFIER

Thanks for choose CR series amplifier. The CR amplifier features a two-way crossover and sub-sonic (low-cut) filter for each channel. Crossover frequencies are fixed at 150 Hz, allowing subwoofers to be driven at extremely high sound pressure levels, and the filters cut at 40 Hz to prevent low-end rumble. Using proven technology gained through years of amplifier design, this unit takes advantage of rugged TO-3P output devices mounted on massive aluminum extrusions and dissipates heat via an extremely quiet and effective two-speed fan. CR amplifiers employ mammoth toroidal power transformers and offer impressive specifications and features not found on similarly priced competitive units. This amp is designed to drive a 2-Ohm load per channel, thus achieving awesome performance levels into 4 Ohms in BRIDGE mode. CR amplifiers are ruggedly constructed, rack-mountable pieces of gear with superb patching capability, allowing superior flexibility in application. Front panel features include calibrated, detented gain (dB) controls and LED indicators for power (CR), signal presence (SIG), clip and fault, as well as a rocker mains POWER switch. The back panel contains an IEC connector for the mains power cord, a mains circuit breaker with reset, and 2 critical cooling fan opening. This opening should have an adequate supply of cool air and should never be blocked or restricted. Also on the back panel are the input and output sections, including an input barrier strip for permanent installations. Each channel input section includes a combo XLR / 1/4" phone jack connector, THRU/LOW out and HIGH out 1/4" jacks, and activation switches for the LOW CUT filter and crossover (150 Hz XOVER). Channel output sections feature dual shock-proof binding posts and four conductor Speakon connectors. An additional four-conductor Speakon connector allows BRIDGE mode output.

UNPACKING

Inspect the amplifier during unpacking. If any damage is found, notify your dealer immediately. Be sure to save the carton and all packing materials. Should you ever need to ship the unit back to Sixstar DJ, one of its service centers, or the dealer; use only the original factory packing.

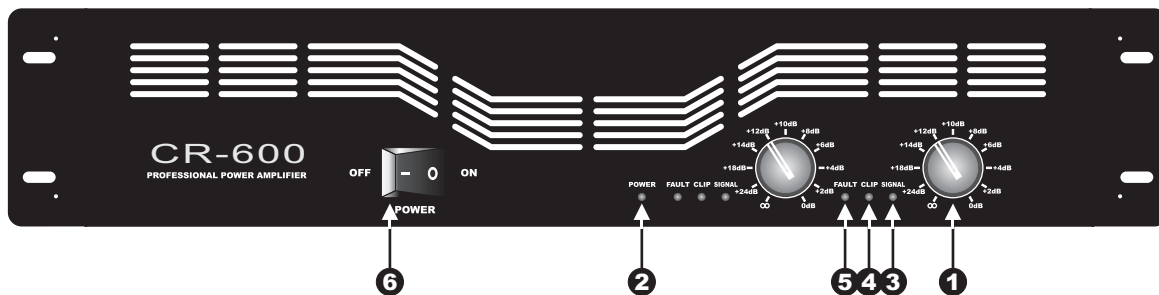
INSTALLATION

CR professional power amplifiers are designed for durability in commercial installations and provide the quality performance required in studio and home applications. They are two-rack-space units of 16" (406 mm) depth designed to mount in a standard 19" rack. Rear mounting ears are provided for additional support. The minimum rack depth required from the mounting surface is 17" (432 mm) to allow adequate connector clearance.

BASIC SETUP

Rack mount the amplifier in the location where it is to be used, remembering to allow for adequate access and cooling space. Make all the connections to the proper INPUT connectors on the desired channel. Select the proper mode configuration (STEREO or BRIDGE). Connect speakers to the proper OUTPUT connectors, reviewing carefully the impedance and phase considerations. With the POWER switch OFF, connect the IEC cord (7) to the amplifier and then to a suitable electrical outlet to allow proper current draw. With both channel gain (dB) controls at their fully counterclockwise settings, turn the POWER switch to ON, and slowly raise the gain controls to desired settings. Please carefully review this manual. It covers all this information in greater detail.

FRONT PANEL FEATURES



(1) INPUT GAIN (dB)

These controls are used to adjust the input gain of each channel. They determine how loud each channel of the power amplifier will sound for a given input signal level. Maximum input gain is achieved at the fully clockwise setting, and this setting yields maximum mixer/system headroom. A setting of less than fully clockwise will yield lower system noise at the expense of mixer/system headroom. Turning the control fully counterclockwise is the off setting. It is always a good idea to power up any new installation at this setting to protect the system loudspeakers.

(2) POWER LEADS (POWER)

These indicators illuminate when the AC mains power is being supplied to the amp and both channels are operational. If either channel experiences fault conditions, exceeds safe operating temperature limits, or if the mains circuit breaker trips; both channel power LEDs will be dark, indicating shutdown. If the BRIDGE mode is selected, the CR indicator on channel B will remain dark as a positive indication of this mode selection.

(3) SIGNAL ACTIVITY LEADS (SIGNAL)

These indicators illuminate when the associated channel output signal level exceeds 1 V RMS.

(4) OVERLOAD LEADS (CLIP)

These indicators illuminate when the associated channel has been overloaded.

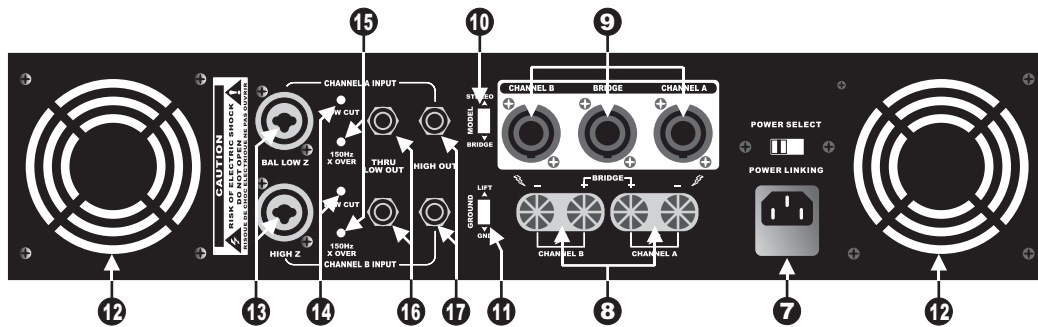
(5) FAULT LEADS (FAULT)

These indicators illuminate when the amplifier just turned on or if the amplifier is detected some problem inside such as overheat or circuit problem so that can protect the amplifier.

(6) POWER SWITCH

This heavy-duty, rocker-type switch turns on the mains power to the amplifier. When the mains power is applied, there is a three-second delay in activation of the unit. This reduces/eliminates the turn-on transients associated with the system equipment connected to the amplifier and protects loudspeakers.

BACK PANEL FEATURES



(7) IEC MAINS CONNECTOR

This is a standard IEC power connector. An AC mains cord having the appropriate AC plug and ratings for the intended operating voltage is included in the carton.

U.S. DOMESTIC AC MAINS CORD

The mains cord supplied with the unit is a heavy-duty, 3-conductor type with a conventional 120 VAC plug with ground pin. It should be connected to an independent circuit capable of continuously supporting at least 15 amps. This is particularly critical for sustained high-power applications. If the outlet used does not have a ground pin, a suitable grounding adapter should be used and the third wire grounded properly.

Never break off the ground pin on any equipment. It is provided for your safety.

The use of extension cords should be avoided but, if necessary, always use a 3-wire type with at least a #14 AWG wire size. The use of lighter wire will severely limit the power capability of this amplifier. Always use a qualified electrician to install any new electrical equipment. To prevent the risk of shock or fire hazard, always be sure that the amplifier and all associated equipment is properly grounded.

NOTE: FOR UK ONLY

If the colors of the wires in the mains lead of this unit do not correspond with the colored markings identifying the terminals in your plug, proceed as follows (1) The wire that is colored green and yellow must be connected to the terminal that is marked by the letter E, the earth symbol, colored green, or colored green and yellow. (2) The wire that is colored blue must be connected to the terminal that is marked with the letter N or the color black. (3) The wire that is colored brown must be connected to the terminal that is marked with the letter L or the color red.

(8) BINDING POST OUTPUTS

Shockproof binding post speaker outputs are provided on the CR amplifier. For each channel, the outputs are in parallel and the speaker connection cables can be terminated with banana plugs or stripped wires for use in the binding post terminals, or can be connected using the Speakon outputs (9). For sustained high-power applications, either outputs can be used, however, exercise care to assure the correct speaker phasing. The red binding posts are the signal outputs from each channel, and the black binding posts are chassis ground. The red binding post should be connected to the positive inputs of the associated loudspeakers. For BRIDGE mode operation, only the red binding posts are used and the associated loudspeaker load is connected between the two red posts.

WARNING □ Regardless of what connections are used, the minimum parallel speaker load should always be limited to 2 ohms per channel or 4 ohms BRIDGE mode for any application. Operation at loads of 4 ohms per channel, or 8 ohms BRIDGE mode, is more desirable for sustained operation applications because the amplifier will run much cooler at this loading. Operation above 4 ohms per channel and even open-circuit conditions can always be considered safe, but sustained operation at loads below 2 ohms could result in temporary amplifier shut down due to the thermal limit circuitry.

(9) SPEAKON OUTPUTS

CR amplifiers utilize three 4-conductor Speakon connectors, one for each channel and one for BRIDGE mode. Please refer to the BRIDGE MODE section of this manual before attempting to use this mode. For each channel Speakon, the same impedance rules apply as with the binding posts. Internally, all the Speakons are wired in what is called the "high current" mode with pins 1+ and 2+ in parallel, and pins 1- and 2- in parallel. For the CHANNEL A and CHANNEL B Speakons, the respective channel output appears on pins 1+ and 2+. Pins 1- and 2- are chassis ground. For the BRIDGE Speakon, CHANNEL A appears on pins 1+ and 2+, and CHANNEL B appears on pins 1- and 2-. Always check the Speakon connector wiring carefully before using.

(10) MODE SWITCH

This switch is used to select STEREO or BRIDGE mode operation. It is a conventional push-push type, requiring a small "tool" to activate. The IN position is BRIDGE mode; the OUT position is STEREO mode. Exercise care when selecting the BRIDGE mode. Accidental selection of this mode could damage loudspeakers, particularly in bi-amped systems. Amplifier BRIDGE mode theory will be covered later in this manual.

(11) Ground Lift Switch

Avoid background noise and hum.

Turn switch right or left to cut electrical noise.

Always turn power off before using this feature.

(12) FAN GRILL

Two 2-speed DC fans supply cool air to the amplifier. **THIS INTAKE SHOULD NEVER BE BLOCKED!** The fans switch to high speed automatically when the unit requires additional cooling. At idle and cool, the fans should be in low speed. The fans should never stop unless the amplifier is switched off or the AC mains power source is interrupted.

(13) COMBO INPUT CONNECTOR

The combo connector offers both female XLR and 1/4" phone jack balanced inputs for each channel. The XLR is wired with pin 1 as ground, pin 2 positive input, and pin 3 negative input. The 1/4" phone jack is a tip/ring/sleeve (3-conductor) type, with the tip being positive input, the ring negative input, and the sleeve ground. It is important to realize that the XLR 1/4" Jack, and barrier strip inputs are all in parallel, therefore a balanced input to the associated channel can be accomplished using a male XLR, a 3-conductor phone jack, or bare wires connected to the barrier strip.

As an alternative, the 1/4" input can also be used with a regular tip/sleeve (2-conductor) type plug commonly found on single-conductor shielded patch cords. In this case, the input becomes unbalanced with the tip as positive input, and the sleeve ground (the ring being grounded by the sleeve of the plug). An additional unique feature of this 1/4" input jack is something called a "quasi-balanced" input. The sleeve of this jack is connected to chassis ground through a relatively low-value resistance that is part of a ground loop elimination circuit. This circuitry will provide hum-free operation when relatively short 1/4" cable patches are made to this input from various outputs on this amplifier, or from other equipment that shares the same rack with this amplifier. The quasi-balanced circuitry is "automatic" and virtually "invisible" in normal usage. This feature can be defeated with a jumper on the barrier strip from the "-" input terminal of that channel to the ground terminal.

(14) LOW CUT SWITCH

This switch is used to activate the LOW CUT filter for the corresponding channel. It is again a push-push type switch, requiring a small "tool" to activate. The IN position routes the input signals through the 40 Hz LOW CUT filter, while the OUT position bypasses the filter. This filter will cut extremely low frequencies, protecting speakers from the possibility of over-excursion. The filter low-frequency rolloff is 12 dB per octave. The LOW CUT filter for each channel will function independently of the crossover function to be discussed next.

(15) CROSSOVER SWITCH (150 Hz XOVER)

This switch is used to activate the 150 Hz crossover for the corresponding channel. It is also a push-push type switch and requires a small "tool" to activate. The CR offers two 150 Hz crossovers. These are specially designed features that enhance the response of most loudspeakers in a typical bi-amped application. Rather than just having a fiat output curve, these crossovers use special filters to tailor the response and provide a flat acoustical output. This type of crossover "sounds" more natural than conventional "state-variable" type crossovers.

With the switch IN, the input signals are routed through the crossover, and **the low frequencies are automatically sent to the corresponding channel**. At the same time, the high frequencies are sent to the HIGH OUT (17) jack and must then be patched to INPUT of the other channel of this amplifier or to another amplifier input to complete the bi-amped system. Additionally, the low frequencies are sent to the THRU/LOW OUT (16) jack, and can be patched to other amplifier inputs to permit even larger systems. With the switch OUT the crossover is defeated, and the input signal is routed directly to the respective power amp channel. The crossover frequency is fixed at 150 Hz and cannot be changed. The crossover configuration is a 4-pole Linkwitz-Riley approximation.

(16) THRU/LOW OUT JACKS

As per previous crossover discussion, this 1/4" jack supplies low-frequency out signals from the activated crossover for patching to additional power amplifier inputs, providing added flexibility in larger bi-amped systems. When the crossover function is not activated, this jack converts to a THRU function, where the output of the electronically balanced input circuitry is supplied to this jack. The THRU function provides the means to **patch a full range input signal to the other input of this amplifier (parallel mode)**, or to other amp inputs in the same rack. This function allows one balanced mixer feed to be connected to the amp via the desired balanced input connector (XLR, 1/4", Barrier), and then further distributed locally. Regardless of the crossover switch position, this 1/4" jack provides an unbalanced (tip/sleeve) output to be patched with single conductor shielded cables.

(17) HIGH OUT JACKS

Again, as per previous crossover discussion, this 1/4" jack supplies high frequency out signals from the activated crossover for patching to this amplifier and/or additional power amplifier inputs. Unlike the low-frequency crossover output, that is automatically routed to the associated channel, **the high-frequency output signal must be patched to some suitable input in order to complete the bi-amped system**. This 1/4" jack also provides an unbalanced (tip/sleeve) output to be patched with single-conductor shielded cables.

INDUSTRIAL AND COMMERCIAL INSTALLATIONS

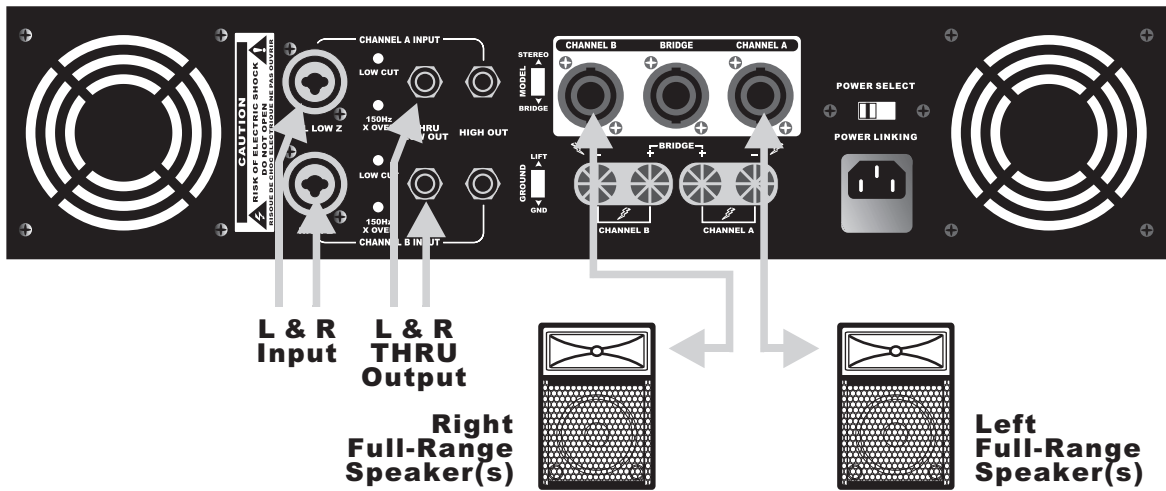
For commercial and other installations where sustained high-power operation is required, the amplifiers should be mounted in a standard 19" rack. It is not necessary to leave a rack space between each amplifier in the stack since each fan pulls air in from the rear and exhausts the hot air out the front. However, an adequate cool air supply must be provided for the amplifier when rack mounted. The internal fan must have a source of air that is not preheated by other equipment. The amplifier will start up in low speed fan operation and will normally stay at low speed unless sustained high-power operating

levels occur. Then, as temperatures in the amplifier heat sinks increase, the automatic thermal-sensing circuitry will cause high-speed operation to occur. Depending upon signal conditions and amp loading, high-speed fan operation may continue or the fan may cycle continuously between high and low. This situation is quite normal. If cooling is inadequate, however, the amplifier thermal-sensing system may cause temporary shut down of the unit, indicated by the CR LEDs on both channels going dark. Inadequate cooling may be due to preheated air, reduced air flow resulting from blockage of inlet/outlet ports, severe amplifier overload, or short circuit conditions. Depending upon the available cooling air, operation should be restored relatively quickly, and the power LEDs on both channels will again be illuminated. In any event, action should be taken to correct the cause of the thermal shutdown. If the amplifier is not severely overloaded or shorted and air flow is normal in and out of the amplifier, then steps should be taken to provide a cooler environment for all the amplifiers. As a general rule, the cooler electronic equipment is operated, the longer its useful service life.

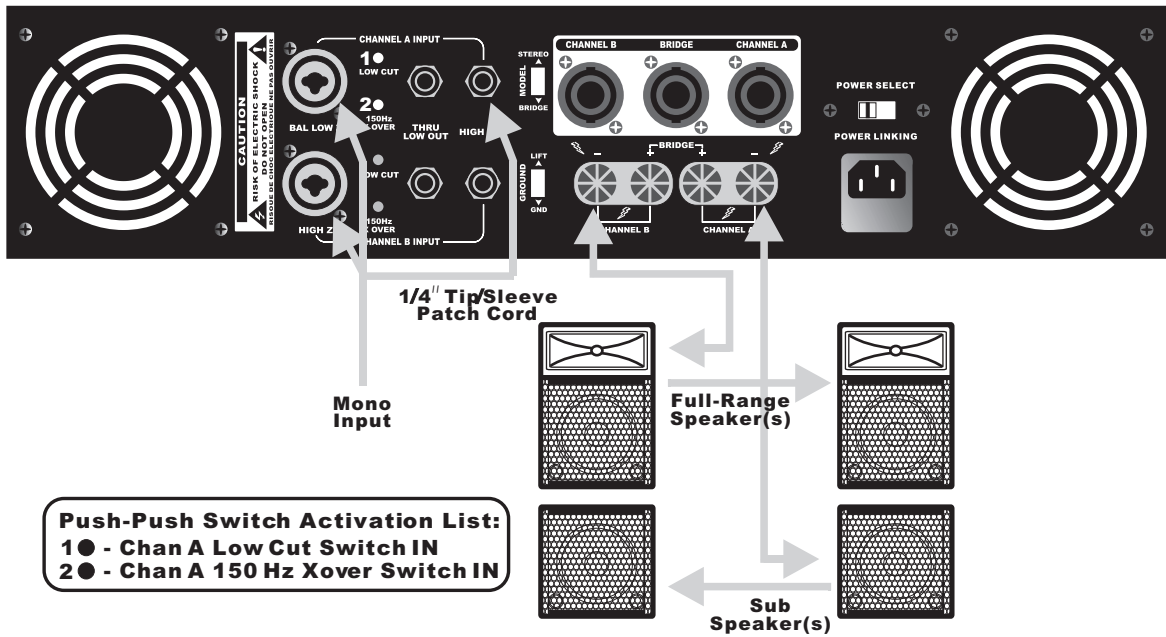
In most low to medium-power applications, the amplifier can be mounted in any configuration. It is desirable that, if at all possible, the power amplifier be located at the top of an equipment stack. This will prevent possible overheating of sensitive equipment by the hot air rising from the power amplifier. As a general rule, most home and studio requirements will never cause high-speed fan operation. High-speed operation may indicate that you have not taken the necessary steps to provide adequate cooling. Fully closed up in a cabinet, a CR Series power amplifier will have severe cooling problems, even at low power levels.

AMPLIFIER CONFIGURATIONS

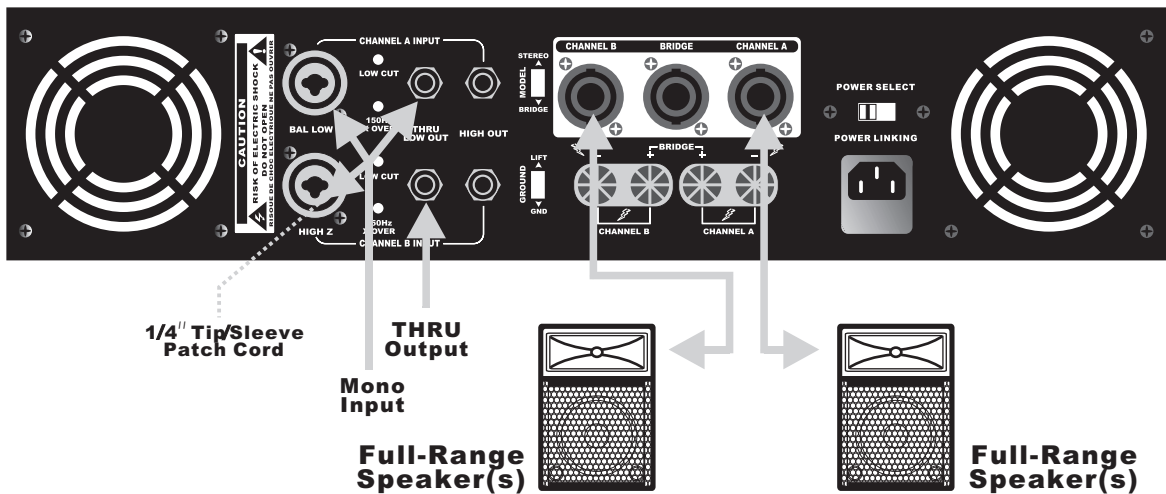
BASIC FULL-RANGE STEREO SYSTEM



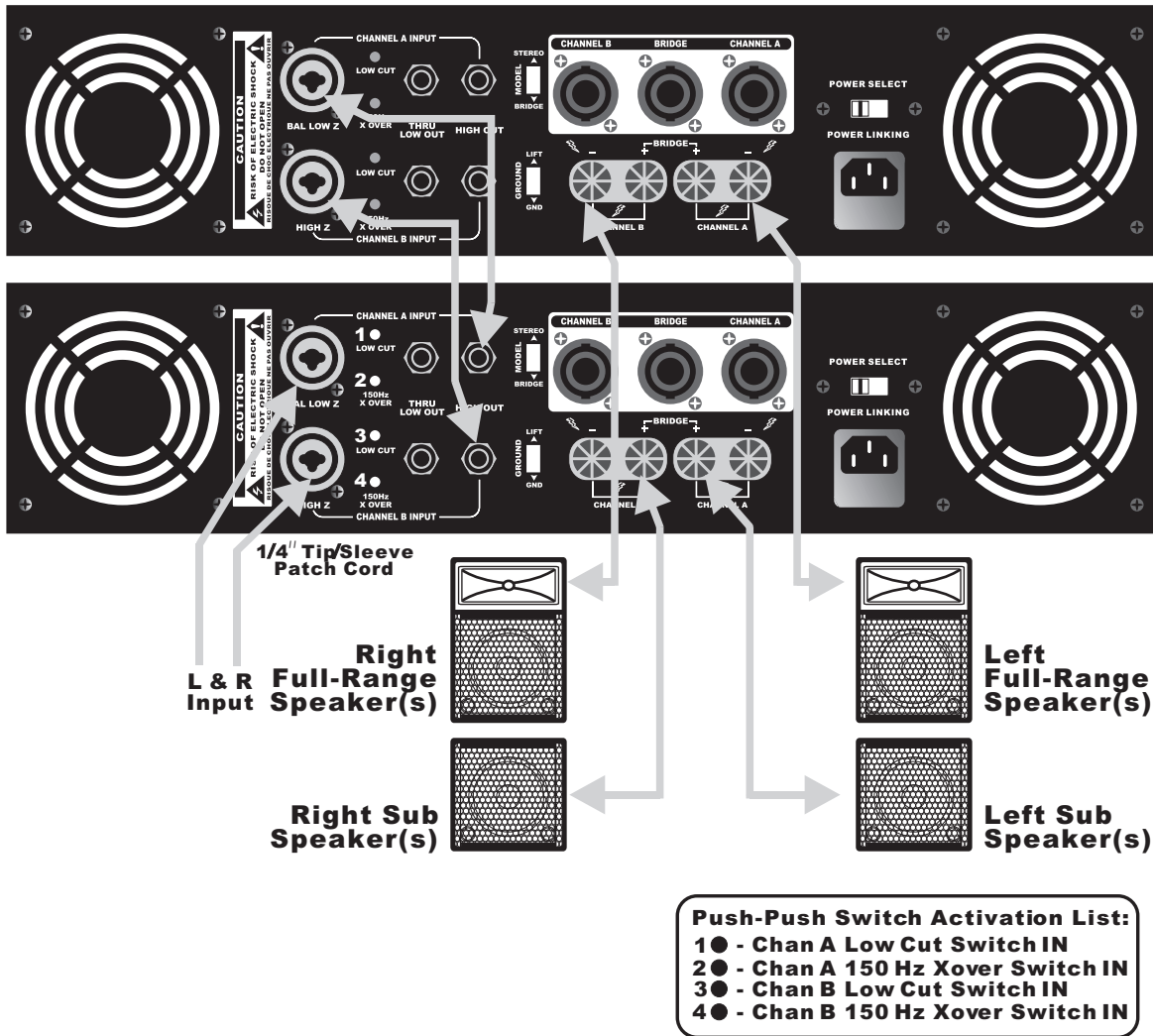
MONO BI-AMPED SYSTEM



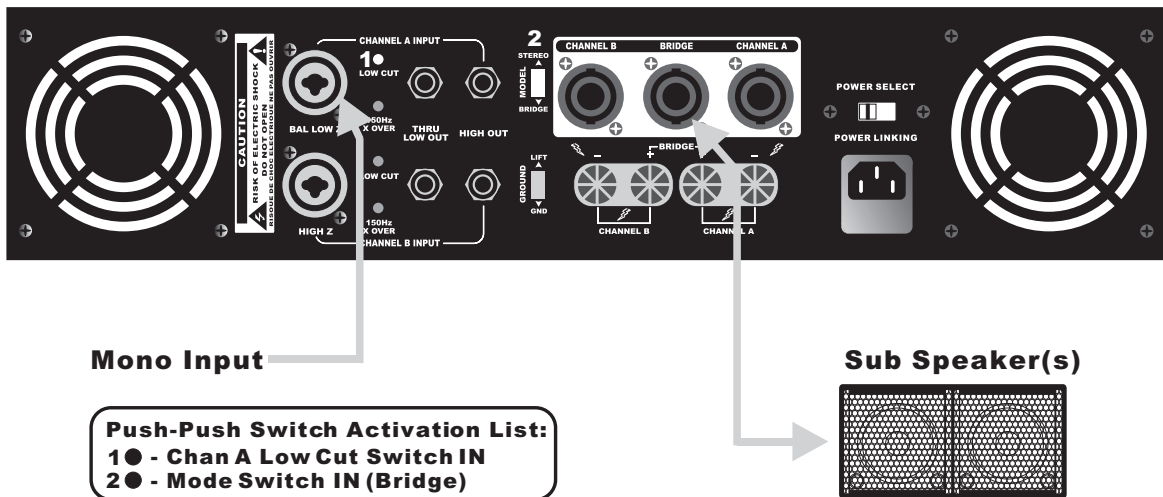
PARALLEL (MONO) MODE



STEREO BI-AMPED SYSTEM



BRIDGE CONFIGURATION



CR SERIES POWER AMPLIFIER(2U)

CR Series amplifier feature two-way

Crossovers and subsonic(low-cut)filter for each channel.The crossover

Frequencies are fixed at 150Hz and cut at 40Hz to prevent low-end rumble.

Type	CR600	CR800	CR1000	CR1200	CR1400	CR1600	CR2000
8ohm Power	2x160W	2x210W	2x310W	2x330W	2X360W	2X410W	2X550W
4ohm Power	2x300W	2x400W	2x500W	2X600W	2X700W	2X800W	2X850W
Weight(kg)	21KGS	21.5KGS	22KGS	22.5KGS	23KGS	25KGS	28.5KGS

FEATURE SET: All Models (++) indicates each channel)

COOLING SYSTEM: Two-speed DC fan, air flow back to front

LOW CUT FILTER ++: -3 dB @ 40 Hz, 12 dB per octave

CROSSOVER ++: 150 Hz, 4-pole Linkwitz-Riley approximation

INPUTS ++: Electronic balanced; Barrier Strip, XLR, TRS 1/4" (6.3 mm)

CROSSOVER OUTPUTS ++: Low/Thru and High, TS 1/4" (6.3 mm)

AMPLIFIER OUTPUTS: Speakons for Chan A, Chan B and Bridge; Binding Posts

LED INDICATORS ++: Red, DDT/clipping; Yellow, signal; Green, power

AMP PROTECTION: Full short circuit, open circuit; over-temp thermal; RF; stable into any load

LOAD PROTECTION: Turn on/off muting, DC (triac crowbar), low-cut filter

MAINS VOLTAGES AVAILABLE 100, 120, 230, 240 VAC, 50-60 Hz

DIMENSIONS: Height: 3.5" (8.9 cm), Width: 19" (48.3 cm), Depth: 14.5" (44.1 cm)

Specifications subject to change without notice